

Rosy Millan

From:

Brenda Marts

Sent:

Sunday, May 4, 2025 12:18 PM

То:

District1; District2; District3; District4; District5; COB_mail

Subject:

Agenda 25

CAUTION: This message and sender come from outside Pima County. If you did not expect this message, proceed with caution. Verify the sender's identity before performing any action, such as clicking on a link or opening an attachment.

Agenda Item #25. Board of Supervisors Policy D 22.17 - General Fund, Three Cents for Affordable Housing (UNFINISHED BUSINESS -- 4/15/25).

Discussion/Direction/Action: Proposing adoption of a new Board of Supervisors Policy, \underline{D} 22.17 - General Fund, Three Cents for Affordable Housing, to raise \$207,000,000.00 over the next decade for the construction and preservation of affordable housing in Pima County, as well as potentially the expansion of initiatives and programs that reduce homelessness and keep people housed.

No on a tax increase!!

This is a huge plan to make tax-paying property owners' foot the bill for more building. So far, the results have not decreased housing cost of either rental units or purchasing options. The County and City have been spending millions on this problem since COVID. In 2020, the rules all changed to "No one can be evicted and owners do not need to be considered," and of course this raised rents. Planning a property tax increase to take even more from the owners will only increase the cost of living further. This is a bad plan and will not reduce the cost of living for anyone.

There are much better options for addressing housing issues. For example, they could subsidize any at-risk tenant for issues with very little administrative costs. Every property owner knows who has a problem that 1 month of rent could solve, or maybe \$150.00 a month for life. Anything would be cheaper than what is happening now. Instead of raising taxes, the BoS should do a study on which already built homes could be used for people who cannot pay for a home. How many properties sit empty/dilapidated in PC? Remember that last year \$2.6 million was spent and \$1.4 million of it went to administrative costs. The BoS have proven to be incompetent in affordable housing and we should not be giving them even more money to throw at it. Maybe read this article for ideas.

bru

AGENDA MATERIAL DATE 5/4/85 ITEM NO. PA 25

Jessica Harrington 10366 East Cele Peterson Lane Tucson, Arizona 85747

May 3, 2025

Pima County Board of Supervisors 130 West Congress Street Tucson, Arizona 85701

Dear Pima County Board of Supervisors,

Thank you for your service and leadership in support of a stronger Pima County. As a Pima County resident and property owner in Ward 4, I am writing to you in support of the *Three Cents for Affordable Housing* proposal. I recognize that any tax increase, even a modest one as outlined in the proposal is a significant decision; however, the long-term benefit to Pima County far outweighs the cost.

This modest but strategic policy addresses affordable housing, a critical and growing need in our community. The data is clear; while median household incomes have risen modestly, housing costs have soared with stable housing further out of reach for thousands of Pima County residents. Families are increasingly burdened by the rising costs of essentials like food, child care and transportation leaving many in our community unable to achieve the stability of secure housing. The Pima County Housing Study by ECONorthwest, along with the housing priorities in the Board-adopted Prosperity Initiative, clearly show that expanding access to housing is both a critical local need and a top policy priority.

Without bold, sustained public investment, the private market alone cannot meet this need. Affordable and stable housing is foundational to community well-being, supporting health, educational attainment, environmental sustainability and economic growth. I commend the Pima County Board of Supervisors for its leadership on exploring this issue and hope this forward-thinking policy is considered.

Sincerely,

Jessica Harrington

AGENDA MATERIAL DATES (6/2) ITEM NO. RAZS

Aliza Barraza

From:

rlkick

Sent:

Saturday, May 3, 2025 7:54 PM

To:

COB_mail

Subject:

Agenda Item 25 - Proposed Three Cents for Affordable Housing:

Attachments:

25 04 15 BOS - D2 ProposedBOSPolicyD22.17-

GeneralFundThreeCentsforAffordableHousing_D2Submission.pdf

CAUTION: This message and sender come from outside Pima County. If you did not expect this message, proceed with caution. Verify the sender's identity before performing any action, such as clicking on a link or opening an attachment.



Dear Board of Supervisors,

I am writing to encourage you to dedicate a specific amount of funding each year to increasing the amount of affordable housing in Pima County. I am particularly interested in seeing affordable housing included in mixed and middle class neighborhoods, not just low income areas.

Like two-thirds of the residents in Pima County, my husband and I own our home. We are lucky to have housing costs that are more or less locked in. But for the 1/3 of Pima Co residents who rent, the extreme rental price increases of the past 4 years, 30%, 40%, even 50%, have been destabilizing. That's the case for our oldest daughter and her husband who live in an apartment in Tucson and often struggle to make ends meet.

The cost of this proposed policy to the average homeowner — \$7 in the first year, up to nearly \$11 by year 10 — is the least we could do for those in our community whose hold on economic stability is much more tenuous... and for whom reigning in rental prices is vital.

Increasing the supply of housing on a continuous and predictable basis would help reduce demand and increase market stability. Please consider making this a focus of County policy consistent with the needs identified by the Prosperity Initiative.

Sincerely

Judith C Keagy

Sent from my T-Mobile 5G Device

DR. MATT HEINZ

Supervisor District 2



33 N Stone Ave., 11th Floor Tucson, AZ 85701 (520) 724-2702 district2@pima.gov

Pima County Board of Supervisors

To:

Melissa Manriquez, Clerk of the Board

From: Matt Heinz, Supervisor, District 2

Date: April 10, 2025

RE:

BOS Addendum Agenda 4/15/25:

Proposed BOS Policy D 22.17 - Gen Fund, Three Cents for Affordable Housing

Please add this item to the 4/15/25 Addendum. Thank you.

Board of Supervisors:

Discussion/Direction/Action: Proposing adoption of a new Board of Supervisors Policy, D 22.17 -General Fund, Three Cents for Affordable Housing, to raise \$207,000,000 over the next decade for the construction and preservation of affordable housing in Pima County, as well as potentially the expansion of initiatives and programs that reduce homelessness and keep people housed.

The initial findings from ECOnorthwest point to the need for an additional 38,584 housing units in Pima County over the next decade that are affordable to families earning 60% or below of the Area Median Income (\$48,720 for a family of four, 2023). This policy, if enacted as proposed, would allow us to expand our Affordable Housing Gap Funding program and other programs that preserve affordable housing units and keep people housed, in a meaningful way over the next decade. Additionally, it would give us a head start as we further develop and implement a Regional Housing Strategy and Funding Plan, as per the County Administrator's memo to the Board dated March 20, 2025.

CC:

Jan Lesher, County Administrator Steve Holmes, Deputy County Administrator Carmine DeBonis, Jr., Deputy County Administrator Nicole Fyffe, Senior Advisor to the County Administrator Jenifer Darland, Director, Office of Housing Opportunities and Homeless Solutions



PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA BOARD OF SUPERVISORS POLICY

Subject:

General Fund, Three Cents for Affordable Housing

Policy Number	Page	
D 22.17	Page 1 of 3	

Purpose

To establish Pima County policy for determining the annual primary property tax levy, such that the levy increases over what it otherwise would have been by three cents each year for the next ten years, with one hundred percent of the additional revenues generated going toward Pima County's efforts to preserve and build more affordable housing, and keep people housed.

Background

"The consequences of failing to establish widespread access to affordable housing have been linked with long-term negative effects on health, children, the environment, and jobs. Hence, lack of affordable housing is not only an individual problem but has negative collective consequences." (ASU Morrison Institute for Public Policy, 2021, *Building Arizona: Constructing a Rental Market that Meets Demand and Serves All Arizonans*)

As illustrated in the Initial Findings of the Housing Needs Assessment by ECOnorthwest (attached, page 8), the median household income in Pima County rose by 16% from 2000 to 2023. Meanwhile, the median home value in Pima County increased over the same period by 200%, to a median home value of \$337,800 in 2023.

The ECOnorthwest Housing Needs Assessment showed that we must create 116,000 additional housing units over the next 20 years in order to overcome more than a decade of underproduction, meet the demands of those who are currently housing-cost burdened or experiencing homelessness, and meet the demands of future population growth as well.

The market will take care of the market-rate units that need to be built over this timeframe (roughly 49,000 of the 116,000 additional units needed countywide; p. 11). Additionally, continued revisions to the Zoning Code should facilitate higher production of "Missing Middle" homes (such as duplexes, triplexes and smaller apartments) -- which are by definition more affordable to build and thus more affordable to rent or own — as well as more production of smaller starter homes and other naturally occurring affordable housing. But the fact is that for those members of our community living at or below 60% Area Median Income (\$48,720 for a family of four, 2023), we must increase and accelerate the building and preservation of affordable housing today and into the future. This will require additional, dedicated General Fund dollars to scale up our successful Gap Funding for Affordable Housing program.

Specifically, the ECOnorthwest report finds that as a community we must build the following number of **additional** units to serve the needs of these low-income individuals and families (those below 60%AMI). The report notes that these units, by definition, "will require some level of subsidy for either production, preservation, or stabilization" (p.12):

By 2030

23,292 additional units for residents at or below 60% AMI

Bv 2035

38.584 additional units for residents at or below 60% AMI



PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA BOARD OF SUPERVISORS POLICY

Subject: General Fund, Three Cents for Affordable Housing

Policy Number	Page		
D 22.17	Page 2 of 3		

By 2045

62,771 additional units for residents at or below 60% AMI

The \$5 million through PAYGO is a down payment. This policy aims to increase our investment over the next decade, to meet a much larger share of the identified need, as rapidly as possible.

Policy

Beginning with the FY26 County Budget and extending through the FY35 County Budget, the County Administrator shall add 3.0 cents to the Primary Property Tax levy each fiscal year, earmarked for Affordable Housing. Assuming that each penny in the tax levy generates about \$1.3M per year over the next 10 years (a very conservative estimate based on historical growth in the tax base), this policy would generate much needed additional revenues to construct and preserve affordable housing, and keep people housed, as follows:

Over the FY25 base of zero additional dollars dedicated to Affordable Housing beyond the \$5M/yr now in the County's Base Budget, this policy would generate *approximately* the following revenues for affordable housing, at *approximately* the following costs to homeowners:

YEAR	Additional	Estimated	Pima Co. Median	F : A	Est.	Est. Additional	Est. Cost	Est. Number
TEAR		G.F.	Home Limited	Est. Annual	⊏ડા. Additional	Annual	per Unit in	of
	Tax Levy			Cost to Median			• •	ADDITIONAL
	Over	Revenues per	Assessed Value;	Homeowner,	Revenues/	Revenues for	Pima Co	
	FY25	Penny in	(i.e. what gets	Over Previous	Year for	Affordable	Gap Funding	Units of
	Base	Primary Prop	taxed; cannot	Year	Affordable	Housing (over	needed,	Affordable
1		Tax Levy (avg	increase by more		Housing,	FY25	based on	Housing Built
		of \$1.3M/yr	than 5.0%		Over Prev.	baseline)	historic	or Preserved
		over 10	annually, per AZ		Year		avg.+ 6%	Per Year
		years)	Constitution)				annual	
							accelerator	
FY26	0.0300	\$1,200,000	\$235,200	\$2.352 x 3 =	\$3,600,000	\$3,600,000	\$12,000	300
				\$7.06				
FY27	0.0600	\$1,200,000	\$246,960	\$2.4696 x 3 =	\$3,600,000	\$7,200,000	\$12,720	566
' ''	0,,,,,	ψ., <u>_</u> σσ,σσσ	+	\$7.41	+-,,	4 .,,	Ţ ·=,· = -	
FY28	0.0900	\$1,200,000	\$259,308	\$2.5931 x 3 =	\$3,600,000	\$10,800,000	\$13,480	801
1 120	0.0300	ψ1,200,000	Ψ2.00,000		ψ5,000,000	Ψ10,000,000	Ψ13,400	001
=	0.1000	<u> </u>	0070.070	\$7.78	A O	** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	444.000	4.000
FY29	0.1200	\$1,200,000	\$272,273	\$2.7227 x 3 =	\$3,600,000	\$14,400,000	\$14,290	1,008
				\$8.17				
FY30	0.1500	\$1,200,000	\$285,887	\$2.8589 x 3 =	\$3,600,000	\$18,000,000	\$15,150	1,188
				\$8.58	, ,	. , ,	r	•
FY31	0.1800	\$1,400,000	\$300,181	\$3.0018 x 3 =	\$4,200,000	\$22,200,000	\$16,060	1,382
1 101	0.1000	ψ1,400,000	φοσο, το τ	\$9.01	Ψ1,200,000	Ψ22,200,000	Ψ10,000	1,002
EV00	0.0400	Φ4 400 000	¢24€ 400		¢4 200 000	¢00,400,000	¢47,000	1 551
FY32	0.2100	\$1,400,000	\$315,190	\$3.1519 x 3 =	\$4,200,000	\$26,400,000	\$17,020	1,551
				\$9.46				
FY33	0.2400	\$1,400,000	\$330,950	\$3.3095 x 3 =	\$4,200,000	\$30,600,000	\$18,040	1,696
				\$9.93				
FY34	0.2700	\$1,400,000	\$347,498	\$3.4750 x 3 =	\$4,200,000	\$34,800,000	\$19,130	1,819
	3.2.30	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ţ · · · , · · · ·	\$10.43	,,	, , ,	, , , , , , ,	-,
FY35	0.3000	\$1,400,000	\$364,872	\$3.6487 x 3 =	\$4,200,000	\$39,000,000	\$20,270	1,924
F135	0.3000	φ1,400,000	ψ304,072		φ 4 ,∠00,000	ψυθ,υυυ,υυυ 	φ20,270	1,924
				\$10.95				



PIMA COUNTY, ARIZONA BOARD OF SUPERVISORS POLICY

	,		seneral rund, Three Cents for Number		Page	Э
		Affor	dable Housing	D 22.17	Page 3 of 3	
TOTAL AFTER 10 YRS, When Policy Sunsets			\$88.78/year additional cost to the median homeowner, or \$7.40/mo. (over the FY25 level)	\$207,000,000		12,2 Additio Afforda Hous Units B

Total Revenues raised for Affordable Housing over the coming decade (above and beyond the \$5M annual appropriation in today's Base Budget): \$207,000,000.

Leveraging private and other public dollars at the 10:1 to 12:1 rate that current Gap Funding projects are doing, this would help Pima County preserve or construct an additional **12,235 Affordable Housing Units over the next decade** – or 32% of the entire need for housing available to those under 60% AMI over this period.

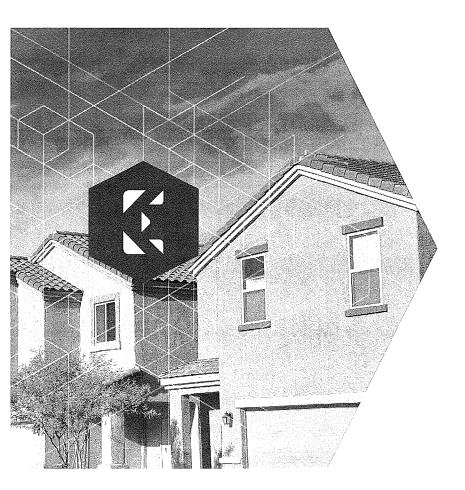
As with the base \$5M/year appropriation, the specific annual appropriations of these additional funds for Affordable Housing would be at the direction and recommendation of the **Pima County Regional Affordable Housing Commission** – which includes representation from all five Board of Supervisor districts, all Pima County jurisdictions, the Administrator's Office, and the Director of Pima County's Office of Housing Opportunities and Homeless Solutions (OHOHS) – and the annual approval of the Board of Supervisors.

Adopted Date:

April 15, 2025

Effective Date:

April 15, 2025



Pima County Housing Study

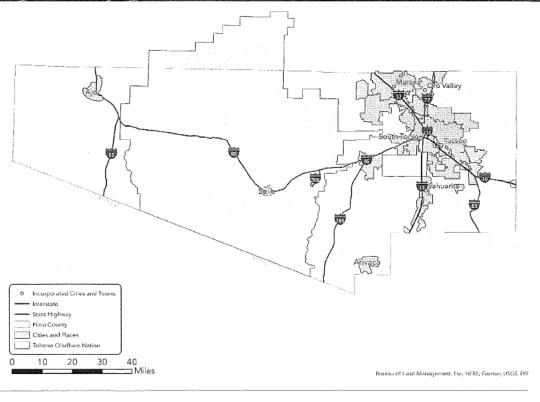
Housing Needs Assessment Key Findings

February 4, 2024

Board of Supervisors Meeting



Housing Markets are Regional

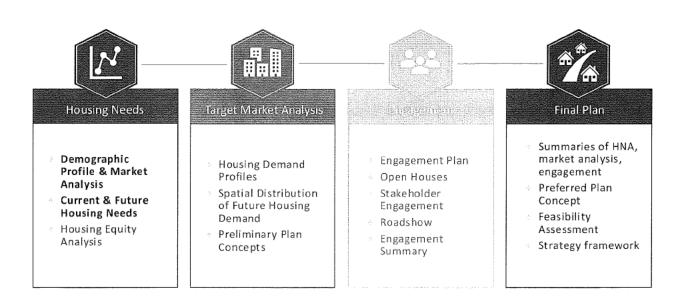


- Housing markets operate regionally, as people choose where to live based on jobs, affordability, schools, amenities, and other factors.
- Housing policies are often localized, resulting in fragmented efforts that fall short of addressing broader dynamics shaping housing supply, demand, and affordability.



Why a Housing Study & Why Now?

Project Overview

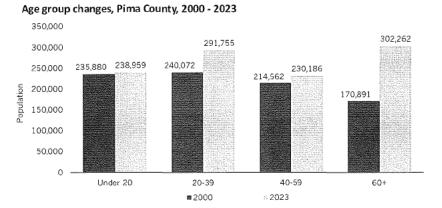


Summary of Key Findings

Demographic & Market Analysis

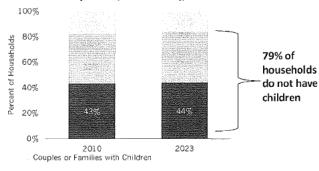


Demographic Changes



Source: US Decennial Census 2000, P012001 and ACS 1-Year Estimates 2023

Household Composition, Pima County, 2010 vs 2023



≅ Single Parents

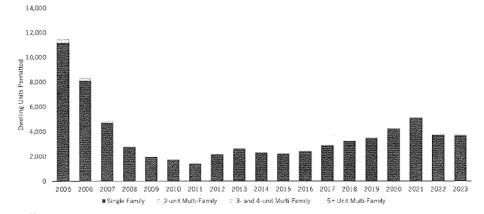
© Couples without Children

Living Alone, with Relatives or Other Adults without Children

Source: US Decennial Census 2010, P020001 and ACS 1-Year Estimates 2023 Table B11012 $\,$

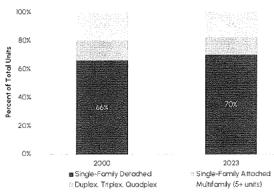
Housing Market Changes

Building Permits by Structure Type, Pima County, 2005 - 2023



Source: HUD SOCDS Buildering Permit Database

Changes in Housing Mix, Pima County, 2000 vs 2023



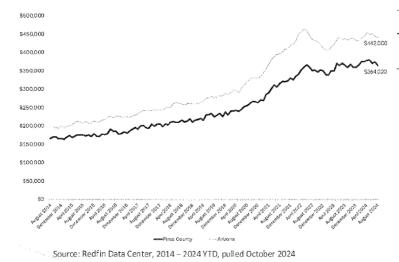
Source: 2023 American Community Survey 1-Year

Estimates: B25024



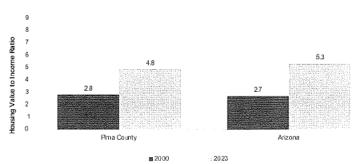
Affordability Changes

Median Home Sale Prices, Pima County and Arizona, 2014 to 2024 YTD



Ratio of Housing Value to Income, Pima County and Arizona, 2000 vs 2023

Indicator —	Pima Cou	inty	Arizona		
indicator	2000	2023	2000	2023	
Median HH Income	\$60,270	\$69,758	\$66,632	\$77,315	
Median Owner Value	\$169,269	\$337,800	\$180,488	\$411,200	
Ratio of Housing Value to Income	2.81	4.84	2.71	5.32	



Source: HCT012 Year 2000, B19013 1-Year 2023, H085 Year 2000, B25077 1-Year 2023

8



Current & Future Housing Needs

Final Results



Component Parts of Housing Need

Current Need

UNDERPRODUCTION



HOUSING FOR THE HOMELESS



Future Need

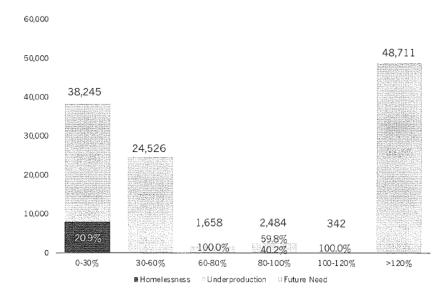
Population Growth



ECOnorthwest

Preliminary HNA Results

116,000 additional units are needed countywide by 2045 Unmet Need by Component



The bulk of future housing needs in Pima County are concentrated on opposite ends of the income spectrum. Of the 116,000 units of housing needed by 2045, over 50% of housing is needed for households earning below 60% AMI and around 42% of housing is needed for households earning more than 120% AMI.

Current Housing Needs: 21,700 units are needed to address current housing needs

- · 8,000 units to address homelessness
- · 13,700 units to meet underproduction

Future Housing Needs: 94,300 units are needed to meet future housing needs driven by population growth and matched with housing affordability over the next 20 years

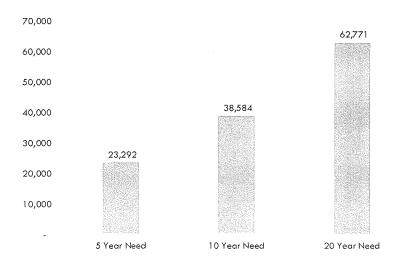
Source: ECOnorthwest Housing Need Model US Census, Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity Forecasts



Preliminary HNA Results

Below 60% AMI Needed by Timeframe

Indication of units that might need some form of subsidy for production or preservation



Most needed housing units below 60% AMI will require some level of subsidy for either production, preservation, or stabilization.

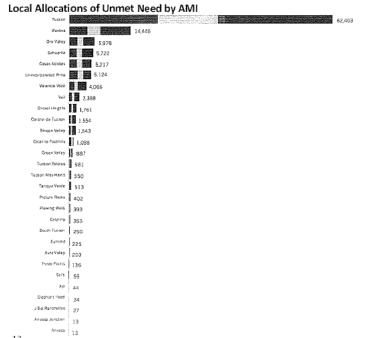
As the County and local partners think about funding and program needs, this analysis can be helpful to determine funding targets for different timelines. For example, this chart shows that approximately 23,000 units of housing below 60% AMI are needed over the next five years. These 23,000 units would need supports to account for renters and owners, stabilization , preservation, acquisition and new construction funding.

Source: ECOnorthwest Housing Need Model, US Census, Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity Forecasts. Note, housing needs overtime are cumulative.



Preliminary HNA Results

Tucson makes up over half of the county's needed units



■0-30% = 30-60% = 60-80% = 80-100% = 100-120% =>120%

13

Housing is needed across most income categories in all cities and census designated places across Pima County, but at varying rates.

Housing targets are identified at the Pima County level and then distributed to local jurisdictions based on projected population growth, projected employment growth, current population, and current jobs at the local level.

Source: ECOnorthwest Housing Need Model, US Census, Arizona Office of Economic Opportunity Forecasts



Next Steps

Housing Needs Task

- · Identifying methodology for conducting the displacement risk assessment
- Preliminary results for displacement risk in March

Target Market Analysis

- · Working on refinements to the housing demand profiles
 - · Preliminary visualizations of demand profiles in March

Engagement

- · Hosting stakeholder focus groups in February with tribes and school districts
- Meeting with developers and those in the residential development industry in March-April
- Developing a program for local government staff workshops for May-June
- Housing commissions, planning and zoning commission, and Board of Supervisors and City/Town Councils

ECOnorthwest

AGENDA MATERIAL DATES/10/25 ITEM NO.RA 25.

Rosy Millan

From:

Jane Orient

Sent:

Sunday, May 4, 2025 8:15 AM

To:

District1; District2; District3; District4; District5; COB_mail

Subject:

agenda for BoS meeting

CAUTION: This message and sender come from outside Pima County. If you did not expect this message, proceed with caution. Verify the sender's identity before performing any action, such as clicking on a link or opening an attachment.

Agenda item 25

Vote NO. The County could much more affordably help tenants with short-term grants to avoid eviction. The County should not own the housing. We've seen what has happened in the past—plumbing fixtures stolen, wires ripped out, etc.

Agenda item 30

"Climate action" is based on false assumption that atmospheric CO2 is a global thermostat. Carbon capture pipelines are costly and very dangerous and cannot improve the climate. Remember that the grid instability from wind and solar caused an 18-hour blackout in Spain, Portugal, and part of France.

Agenda item 52

Keep priorities straight. Fix the roads and the jail, and hire enough police officers first.

Jane M. Orient, MD

Z.